

New York City Campaign Finance Board 100 Church Street, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor, New York, NY 10007 212.409.1800 | www.nyccfb.info Rose Gill Hearn Chair

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Via C-Access October 14, 2016

Carol Forbes Mark Otto for City Council 474 West 150<sup>th</sup> Street, 3D New York, NY 10031

Dear Carol Forbes:

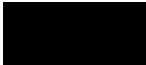
Please find attached the New York City Campaign Finance Board's ("CFB" or "Board") Final Audit Report for the 2013 campaign of Mark Otto (the "Campaign"). CFB staff prepared the report based on a review of the Campaign's financial disclosure statements and documentation submitted by the Campaign.

The report concludes that the Campaign demonstrated substantial compliance with the Campaign Finance Act (the "Act") and the Board Rules (the "Rules"), with exceptions as detailed in the report.

The January 15, 2014 disclosure statement (#16) was the last disclosure statement the Campaign was required to file with the CFB for the 2013 elections. The Campaign is required to maintain its records for six years after the election, and the CFB may require the Campaign to demonstrate ongoing compliance. *See* Rules 3-02(b)(3), 4-01(a), and 4-03. In addition, please contact the New York State Board of Elections for information concerning its filing requirements.

The CFB appreciates the Campaign's cooperation during the 2013 election cycle. Please contact the Audit Unit at 212-409-1800 or <u>AuditMail@nyccfb.info</u> with any questions about the enclosed report.

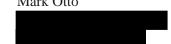
# Sincerely,



Signature on original

Sauda S. Chapman Director of Auditing and Accounting

c: Mark Otto



Mark Otto for City Council 474 West 150<sup>th</sup> Street, 3D New York, NY 10031

Attachments

# **EC2013 Final Audit Report** Mark Otto for City Council

October 2016

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### **RESULTS IN BRIEF**

The results of the New York City Campaign Finance Board's ("CFB" or "Board") review of the reporting and documentation of the 2013 campaign of Mark Otto (the "Campaign") indicate findings of non-compliance with the Campaign Finance Act (the "Act") and Board Rules (the "Rules") as detailed below:

# Disclosure Findings

Accurate public disclosure is an important part of the CFB's mission. Findings in this section relate to the Campaign's failure to completely and timely disclose the Campaign's financial activity.

- The Campaign did not disclose all of its bank accounts on the Certification (see Finding #1).
- The Campaign did not report or inaccurately reported financial transactions to the Board (see Finding #2).

# Contribution Findings

All campaigns are required to abide by contribution limits and adhere to the ban on contributions from prohibited sources. Further, campaigns are required to properly disclose and document all contributions. Findings in this section relate to the Campaign's failure to comply with the requirements for contributions under the Act and Rules.

• The Campaign did not provide requested documentation for reported contribution refunds (see Finding #3).

# **Expenditure Findings**

Campaigns participating in the Campaign Finance Program are required to comply with the spending limit. All campaigns are required to properly disclose and document expenditures and disburse funds in accordance with the Act and Rules. Findings in this section relate to the Campaign's failure to comply with the Act and Rules related to its spending.

• The Campaign did not report personal contributions to non-candidate political committees made by the candidate that are attributable to the Campaign (see Finding #4).

### BACKGROUND

The Campaign Finance Act of 1988, which changed the way election campaigns are financed in New York City, created the voluntary Campaign Finance Program. The Program increases the information available to the public about elections and candidates' campaign finances, and reduces the potential for actual or perceived corruption by matching up to \$175 of contributions from individual New York City residents. In exchange, candidates agree to strict spending limits. Those who receive funds are required to spend the money for purposes that advance their campaign.

The CFB is the nonpartisan, independent city agency that administers the Campaign Finance Program for elections to the five offices covered by the Act: Mayor, Public Advocate, Comptroller, Borough President, and City Council member. All candidates are required to disclose all campaign activity to the CFB. This information is made available via the CFB's online searchable database, increasing the information available to the public about candidates for office and their campaign finances.

All candidates must adhere to strict contribution limits and are banned from accepting contributions from corporations, partnerships, and limited liability companies. Additionally, participating candidates are prohibited from accepting contributions from unregistered political committees. Campaigns must register with the CFB, and must file periodic disclosure statements reporting all financial activity. The CFB reviews these statements after they are filed and provides feedback to the campaigns.

The table below provides detailed information about the Campaign:

Name: Mark Otto ID: 1542 Office Sought: City Council District: 07

Committee Name: Mark Otto for City Council Classification: Participant Certification Date: June 04, 2013

Ballot Status: Primary Primary Election Date: September 10, 2013

Party: Democratic

Contribution Limit: \$2,750

Expenditure Limit: 2010–2012: \$45,000 2013 Primary: \$168,000 2013 General: N/A

Public Funds: Received: \$88,836 Returned: \$2

Campaign Finance Summary: <u>http://bit.ly/1yS3Uvm</u>

#### SCOPE AND METHODOLOGY

Pursuant to Admin. Code § 3-710(1), the CFB conducted this audit to determine whether the Campaign complied with the Act and Rules. Specifically, we evaluated whether the Campaign:

- 1. Accurately reported financial transactions and maintained adequate books and records.
- 2. Adhered to contribution limits and prohibitions.
- 3. Disbursed funds in accordance with the Act and Rules.
- 4. Complied with expenditure limits.
- 5. Received the correct amount of public funds, or whether additional funds are due to the Campaign or must be returned.

Prior to the election, we performed preliminary reviews of the Campaign's compliance with the Act and Rules. We evaluated the eligibility of each contribution for which the Campaign claimed matching funds, based on the Campaign's reporting and supporting documentation. We also determined the Candidate's eligibility for public funds by ensuring the Candidate was on the ballot for an election, was opposed by another candidate on the ballot, and met the two-part threshold for receiving public funds. In January of 2013, we requested all bank statements to date from the Campaign and reconciled the activity on the statements provided to the Campaign's reporting. We then provided the results of this preliminary bank reconciliation to the Campaign on April 19, 2013. After the election, we performed an audit of all financial disclosure statements submitted for the election (see summary of activity reported in these statements at Appendix #1).

To verify that the Campaign accurately reported and documented all financial transactions, we requested all of the Campaign's bank statements and reconciled the financial activity on the bank statements to the financial activity reported on the Campaign's disclosure statements. We identified unreported, misreported, and duplicate disbursements, as well as reported disbursements that did not appear on the Campaign's bank statements. We also calculated debit and credit variances by comparing the total reported debits and credits to the total debits and credits amounts appearing on the bank statements. Because the Campaign reported that more than 25% of the dollar amount of its total contributions were in the form of credit card contributions— or had a variance between the total credit card contributions reported and the credits on its merchant account statements of more than 4%—we reconciled the transfers on the submitted merchant account statements to the deposits on the bank account statements.

As part of our reconciliation of reported activity to the bank statements the Campaign provided, we determined whether the Campaign properly disclosed all bank accounts. We also determined if the Campaign filed disclosure statements timely and reported required activity daily during the two weeks before the election. Finally, we reviewed the Campaign's reporting to ensure it disclosed required information related to contribution and expenditure transactions, such as intermediaries and subcontractors.

To determine if the Campaign adhered to contribution limits and prohibitions, we conducted a comprehensive review of the financial transactions reported in the Campaign's disclosure statements. Based on the Campaign's reported contributions, we assessed the total amount contributed by any one source and determined if it exceeded the applicable limit. We also determined if any of the contribution sources were prohibited. We reviewed literature and other documentation to determine if the Campaign accounted for joint activity with other campaigns.

To ensure that the Campaign disbursed funds in accordance with the Act and Rules, we reviewed the Campaign's reported expenditures and obtained documentation to assess whether funds were spent in furtherance of the Candidate's nomination or election. We also reviewed information from the New York State Board of Elections and the Federal Election Commission to determine if the Candidate had other political committees active during the 2013 election cycle. We determined if the Campaign properly disclosed these committees, and considered all relevant expenditures made by such committees in the assessment of the Campaign's total expenditures.

We requested records necessary to verify that the Campaign's disbursement of public funds was in accordance with the Act and Rules. Our review ensured that the Campaign maintained and submitted sufficiently detailed records for expenditures made in the election year that furthered the Candidate's nomination and election, or "qualified expenditures" for which public funds may be used. We specifically omitted expenditures made by the Campaign that are not qualified as defined by the Campaign Finance Act § 3-704.

We also reviewed the Campaign's activity to ensure that it complied with the applicable expenditure limits. We reviewed reporting and documentation to ensure that all expenditures including those not reported, or misreported—were attributed to the period in which the good or service was received, used, or rendered. We also reviewed expenditures made after the election to determine if they were for routine activities involving nominal costs associated with winding up a campaign and responding to the post-election audit.

To ensure that the Campaign received the correct amount of public funds, and to determine if the Campaign must return public funds or was due additional public funds, we reviewed the Campaign's eligibility for public matching funds, and ensured that all contributions claimed for match by the Campaign were in compliance with the Act and Rules. We determined if the Campaign's activity subsequent to the pre-election reviews affected its eligibility for payment. We also compared the amount of valid matching claims to the amount of public funds paid pre-election and determined if the Campaign was overpaid, or if it had sufficient matching claims, qualified expenditures, and outstanding liabilities to receive a post-election payment. As part of this review, we identified any deductions from public funds required under Rule 5-01(n).

We determined if the Campaign met its mandatory training requirement based on records of training attendance kept throughout the 2013 election cycle. Finally, we determined if the Campaign submitted timely responses to post-election audit requests sent by the CFB.

Following an election, campaigns may only make limited winding up expenditures and are not going concerns. Because the activity occurring after the post-election audit is extremely limited, the audit focused on substantive testing of the entire universe of past transactions. The results of

the substantive testing served to establish the existence and efficacy of internal controls. The CFB also publishes and provides to all campaigns guidance regarding best practices for internal controls.

To determine if contributors were prohibited sources, we compared them to entities listed in the New York State Department of State's Corporation/Business Entity Database. Because this was the only source of such information, because it was neither practical nor cost effective to test the completeness of the information, and because candidates could provide information to dispute the Department of State data, we did not perform data reliability testing. To determine if reported addresses were residential or commercially zoned within New York City, we compared them to a database of addresses maintained by the New York City Department of Finance. Because this was the only source of such data available, because it was not cost effective to test the completeness of the information, and because campaigns had the opportunity to dispute residential/commercial designations by providing documentation, we did not perform data reliability testing.

In the course of our reviews, we determined that during the 2013 election cycle a programming error affected C-SMART, the application created and maintained by the CFB for campaigns to disclose their activity. Although the error was subsequently fixed, we determined that certain specific data had been inadvertently deleted when campaigns amended their disclosure statements and was not subsequently restored after the error was corrected. We were able to identify these instances and did not cite exceptions that were the result of the missing data or recommend violations to the Board. The possibility exists, however, that we were unable to identify all data deleted as a result of this error.

The CFB's Special Compliance Unit investigated any complaints filed against the Campaign that alleged a specific violation of the Act or Rules. The Campaign was sent a copy of all formal complaints made against it, as well as relevant informal complaints, and was given an opportunity to submit a response.

The Campaign was provided with a preliminary draft of this audit report and was asked to provide a response to the findings. The Campaign responded, and the CFB evaluated any additional documentation provided and/or amendments to reporting made by the Campaign in response. The Campaign was subsequently informed of its alleged violations and obligation to repay public funds, and was asked to respond. The Campaign responded and the CFB evaluated any additional information provided by the Campaign. After reviewing the Campaign's response, CFB staff determined that the total recommended penalties for the Campaign's violations did not exceed \$500, and as a result the staff did not recommend enforcement action to the Board. The Board's determinations are summarized as a part of each Finding in the Audit Results section. The finding numbers and exhibit numbers, as well as the number of transactions included in the findings, may have changed from the Draft Audit Report to the Final Audit Report.

## AUDIT RESULTS

#### Disclosure Findings

## 1. Bank Accounts – Identifying Information

Campaigns are required to report all bank, depository, and merchant accounts used for campaign purposes on their Filer Registration or Certification. *See* Admin. Code § 3-703(1)(c); Rules 1-11(d), 2-01(a) and 2-06(a).

Documentation provided by the Campaign revealed that information concerning a Paypal account was not reported to the CFB as part of the candidate's Certification. This finding was identified as a result of the Campaign's response to the Draft Audit Report dated September 29, 2014. *See* also Finding #2a.

#### **Previously Provided Recommendation**

The Campaign may be able to reduce this penalty if it can explain why it failed to disclose the PayPal account and amends its Certification using a Change of Bank Account Form to include all missing account information. The form can be downloaded at http://www.nyccfb.info/PDF/forms/change\_of\_bank\_account.pdf .

#### **Campaign's Response**

In response to the Notice of Alleged Violations and Recommended Penalties, the Campaign described its attempt to gather the merchant account information and statements from PayPal. The Campaign also included a copy of email correspondence between a PayPal representative and the Candidate. However, the Campaign did not amend its Certification to disclose the account.

#### **Board Action**

The Board has taken no further action on this matter other than to make this a part of the Candidate's record with the Board.

#### 2. Financial Disclosure Reporting - Discrepancies

Campaigns are required to report every disbursement made, and every contribution, loan, and other receipt received. *See* Admin. Code § 3-703(6); Rule 3-03. In addition, campaigns are required to deposit all receipts into an account listed on the candidate's Certification. *See* Admin. Code § 3-703(10); Rule 2-06(a). Campaigns are also required to provide the CFB with bank records, including periodic bank statements and deposit slips. *See* Admin. Code § 3-703(1)(d), (g); Rules 4-01(a), (b)(1), (f).

The Campaign provided the following bank statements:

BANK	ACCOUNT #	ACCOUNT TYPE	STATEMENT PERIOD
Chase	XXXXX2609	Checking	Feb 2012 – Jan 2014
Chase Paymentech	XXXXX4922	Merchant	Jun 2012 – Oct 2013

Below are the discrepancies and the additional records needed, as identified by a comparison of the records provided and the activity reported by the Campaign on its disclosure statements.

a) The Campaign must provide the bank statements listed below:

Bank	ACCOUNT #	STATEMENT PERIOD
Paypal	Unknown	Inception - Present

b) The Campaign did not report the following transactions that appear on its bank statement:

ACCOUNT #	NAME	TRANSACTION	DATE	Amount Note
PayPal	Grossman, Benjamin	Credit	02/24/12	\$175.00 (1)
XXXXX2609	Chase Bank	Debit	12/31/13	18.00

(1) In response to the Draft Audit Report, the Campaign provided a list of payments received through Paypal. Review of the transactions indicated that the Campaign did not report receiving a contribution from Benjamin Grossman on February 24, 2012 for \$175.00.

c) The Campaign reported the following transaction that does not appear on its bank statements:

		STATEMENT/		
	CHECK NO. /	SCHEDULE/	PAID	
NAME	TRANSACTION	TRANSACTION	DATE	AMOUNT NOTE
Conway, Deborah	1077	12/M/R0001629	09/09/13	\$50.00 (1)

(1) See also Finding #3.

## **Previously Provided Recommendation**

a) The Campaign must provide all pages of the requested bank statements.

b) This finding was identified as a result of the Campaign's response to the Draft Audit Report dated September 29, 2014.

c) For each transaction reported in the Campaign's disclosure statements that does not appear on the Campaign's bank statements, the Campaign must provide evidence to show that the transaction cleared the bank (i.e., a copy of the front and back of the check, and the bank statement showing the payment). Alternatively, the Campaign may provide evidence that the transaction was reported in error, or amend the Campaign's disclosure statement to void the check. For each voided check, the Campaign must either issue a replacement check or forgive the expenditure payment. Any forgiven liabilities will be considered in-kind contributions, which could result in contribution limit violations, or be considered contributions from a prohibited source. The Campaign may need to contact the payee to determine why the transaction did not clear.

Please note that any newly entered transactions that occurred during the election cycle (01/12/10—01/11/14) will appear as new transactions in an amendment to Disclosure Statement 16, even if the transaction dates are from earlier periods. Any transactions dated after the election cycle will appear in disclosure statements filed with the New York State Board of Elections. Also note that the Campaign must file an amendment for each disclosure statement in which transactions are being modified. Once all data entry is completed, the Campaign should run the Modified Statements Report in C-SMART to identify the statements for which the Campaign must submit amendments. The C-SMART draft and final submission screens also display the statement numbers for which the Campaign should file amendments. If the Campaign added any new transactions, it must submit an amendment to Disclosure Statement 16.<sup>1</sup>

#### **Campaign's Response**

a) In response to the Draft Audit Report, the Campaign provided a printout from its Paypal online account that listed payments received and its applicable fees for the period of January 1, 2004 through July 10, 2012. The activity listed only showed activity between February 26, 2012 and May 29, 2012. In response to the Notice of Alleged Violations and Recommended Penalties, the Campaign provided a statement from PayPal which states that the firm does not provide past transaction records for accounts that have been closed.

b) This finding was identified as a result of the Campaign's response to the Draft Audit Report dated September 29, 2014.

c) In response to the Draft Audit Report, the Campaign provided a letter from Deborah Conway stating that she forgot to cash the check and does not intend on cashing it, as she is aware that the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If the Campaign amends its reporting with the CFB, it must also submit amendments to the New York State Board of Elections.

campaign account has been closed. The Campaign did not report an in-kind contribution from this individual or amend its disclosure statements to void the check.

## **Board Action**

a - c) The Board has taken no further action on this matter other than to make this a part of the Candidate's record with the Board.

#### **Contribution Findings**

## 3. Undocumented Transactions

Campaigns are required to provide copies of checks, bills, or other documentation to verify all transactions reported in their disclosure statements. *See* Admin. Code §§ 3-703(1)(d), (g); and Rule 4-01.

The Campaign must provide supporting documentation for the reported transactions listed below:

	TRANSACTION	STATEMENT/ SCHEDULE/	INCURRED/RECEIVED/ REFUNDED/PAID		
NAME	Type	TRANSACTION	DATE	Amount	NOTE
Panagot, Dana	Contribution Refund	12/M/R0001628	09/09/13	\$50.00	-
Conway, Deborah	Contribution Refund	12/M/R0001629	09/09/13	\$50.00	(1)

(1) See also Finding #2c.

# **Previously Provided Recommendation**

The Campaign must submit documentation for each transaction listed above.

# Campaign's Response

In response to the Draft Audit Report, the Campaign stated that the contribution refund to Deborah Conway was not cashed (see Finding #2c and Finding #5). The Campaign provided a letter from Ms. Conway to support its response. However, the Campaign did not amend its reporting to void the check. Regarding the contribution refund to Dana Panagot, the Campaign provided its October 2013 bank statement showing that the check number reported for the transaction was cashed. However, the Campaign did not provide a copy of the cancelled check.

#### **Board Action**

The Board has taken no further action on this matter other than to make this a part of the Candidate's record with the Board.

#### Expenditure Findings

#### 4. Candidate Personal Contributions

Campaigns are required to report the candidate's personal contributions of \$99 or more to political committees that support candidates in New York City and throughout New York State (except political committees of other candidates). Such contributions are presumptively campaign expenditures, unless the candidate rebuts the presumption. *See* CFB Final Determination No. 2009-1. Such contributions are also considered contributions by the candidate to the campaign, and count toward the candidate's contribution limit.

Contributions reported to the New York State Board of Elections and the Federal Election Commission by the recipients indicate that the Candidate made a contribution that the Campaign should have reported as a Candidate Personal Contribution:

PAYEE	SOURCE	DATE	Amount
Council of Supervisors and Administrators Local PAC	BOE	01/14/13	\$100.00

#### **Previously Provided Recommendation**

If the Campaign believes that it is not required to disclose the contribution listed, it must provide an explanation and supporting documentation to demonstrate that:

- The Candidate has a prior personal relationship with the recipient political committee as described in CFB Final Determination No. 2009-1.
- The Candidate has a lengthy history of contributing to the entity at a similar or greater financial level.
- The transaction was a purchase of a good or service rather than a contribution.

If the Campaign cannot provide evidence of any of the scenarios listed above, it must enter the contributions listed above in C-SMART as Candidate Personal Contributions and submit amendments to its disclosure statements to report the transactions.

# **Campaign's Response**

In response to the Draft Audit Report, the Campaign stated that the "Council for Supervisors and Administrators CSA is a union, not a political party or committee. This union made donations to the campaign. We have amended that in CSMART." However, this response does not address the contribution made by the Candidate to the Council for Supervisors and Administrators Local PAC and does not address why this transaction should not be reported as a Candidate Personal Contribution.

## **Board Action**

The Board has taken no further action on this matter other than to make this a part of the Candidate's record with the Board.

# 5. Undocumented or Unreported In-Kind Contributions

In-kind contributions are goods or services provided to a campaign for free, paid by a third party, or provided at a discount not available to others. The amount of the in-kind contribution is the difference between the fair market value of the goods or services and the amount the Campaign paid. Liabilities for goods and services for the Campaign which are forgiven, in whole or part, are also in-kind contributions. In addition, liabilities for goods and services outstanding beyond 90 days are in-kind contributions unless the vendor has made commercially reasonable attempts to collect. An in-kind contribution is both a contribution and expenditure subject to both the contributions are subject to contribution source restrictions. *See* Admin. Code § 3-702(8); Rules 1-02 and 1-04(g). Campaigns may not accept contributions from any corporation, partnership, limited liability partnership (LLP), or limited liability company (LLC). *See* Admin. Code § 3-703(1)(*l*).

Campaigns are required to report all in-kind contributions they receive. *See* Admin. Code § 3-703(6); Rule 3-03. In addition, campaigns are required to maintain and provide the CFB documentation demonstrating the fair market value of each in-kind contribution. *See* Admin. Code §§ 3-703(1)(d), (g); Rules 1-04(g)(2) and 4-01(c).

The Campaign reported the following expenditures. However, the reported payments for these expenditures are not present on any of the bank statements provided by the Campaign, nor are they reported as outstanding liabilities. (*See* also Finding #2c.) As a result, the Campaign's reporting and documentation indicate that a third party paid for these transactions, or that the goods or services were provided by the reported payee for free.

	REPORTED CHECK NO./	Statement/ Schedule/	Paid	
NAME	TRANSACTION	TRANSACTION	DATE	AMOUNT
Conway, Deborah	1077	12/M/R0001629	09/09/13	\$50.00

# **Previously Provided Recommendation**

This finding was a result of the Campaign's response to the Draft Audit Report dated September 29, 2014.

# Campaign's Response

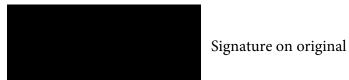
This finding was a result of the Campaign's response to the Draft Audit Report dated September 29, 2014.

## **Board Action**

The Board has taken no further action other than to make this a part of the Candidate's record with the Board.

We performed this audit in accordance with the audit responsibilities of the CFB as set forth in Admin. Code § 3-710. We limited our review to the areas specified in this report's audit scope.

Respectfully submitted,



Sauda S. Chapman

Director of Auditing and Accounting

Date: October 14, 2016

Staff: Melody Lee

Michael Iacono

# New York City Campaign Finance Board Campaign Finance Information System Transaction Summary Report Appendix 1

## Candidate: Otto, Mark T (ID:1542-P)

Office: 5 (City Council)

**Election:** 2013

1. Op	ening cash balance (All committees)		\$0.00	
2. Tot	al itemized monetary contributions (Sch ABC)		\$37,390.50	
3. Tot	al unitemized monetary contributions		\$0.00	
4. Tot	al in-kind contributions (Sch D)		\$5,450.00	
5. Tot	al unitemized in-kind contributions		\$0.00	
6. Tot	al other receipts (Sch E - excluding CFB payments)		\$6.17	
7. Tot	al unitemized other receipts		\$0.00	
8. Tot	al itemized expenditures (Sch F)		\$125,852.34	
	Expenditure payments	\$125,752.34		
	Advance repayments	\$100.00		
9. Tot	al unitemized expenditures		\$0.00	
10. To	otal transfers-In (Sch G)		\$0.00	
	Type 1	\$0.00		
	Туре 2а	\$0.00		
	Type 2b	\$0.00		
11. To	otal transfers-out (Sch H)		\$0.00	
	Type 1	\$0.00		
	Type 2a	\$0.00		
	Type 2b	\$0.00		
12. To	otal loans received (Sch I)		\$5,000.00	
13. To	otal loan repayments (Sch J)		\$5,000.00	
14. To	otal loans forgiven (Sch K)		\$0.00	
15. To	otal liabilities forgiven (Sch K)		\$0.00	
16. To	otal expenditures refunded (Sch L)		\$0.00	
17. To	otal receipts adjustment (Sch M - excluding CFB repayments)		\$660.00	
18. To	otal outstanding liabilities (Sch N - last statement submitted)		\$0.00	
	Outstanding Bills	\$0.00		
	Outstanding Advances	\$0.00		
19. To	otal advanced amount (Sch X)		\$0.00	
20. N	et public fund payments from CFB		\$88,834.00	
	Total public funds payment	\$88,836.00		
	Total public funds returned	(\$2.00)		
21. To	otal Valid Matchable Claims		\$15,056.00	
22. To	otal Invalid Matchable Claims		\$1,582.00	
23. To	otal Amount of Penalties Assessed		N/A	
24. To	otal Amount of Penalty Payments		\$0.00	
25. To	otal Amount of Penalties Withheld		\$0.00	