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New York City Campaign Finance Board 100 Church Street, 12th Floor, New York, NY 10007 212.409.1800 | www.nyccfb.info Rose Gill Hearn Chair

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Via C-Access September 30, 2016

Humberto Soto, Jr. Humberto Soto for New York City Council 2013 77 Varet Street, Apt. 2B Brooklyn, NY 11206

Dear Humberto Soto, Jr.:

Please find attached the New York City Campaign Finance Board's ("CFB" or "Board") Final Audit Report for the 2013 campaign of Humberto Soto (the "Campaign"). CFB staff prepared the report based on a review of the Campaign's financial disclosure statements and documentation submitted by the Campaign.

This report incorporates the Board's final determination of February 11, 2016 (attached). The report concludes that the Campaign did not fully demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Campaign Finance Act (the "Act") and Board Rules (the "Rules").

As detailed in the attached Final Board Determination, the Campaign must repay the following:

CATEGORY	AMOUNT
Public Funds Repayment	\$505
Penalties Assessed	\$1,080
Total Owed	\$1,585

The full amount owed must be paid no later than **October 31, 2016**. Please send a check in the amount of \$1,585, payable to the "New York City Election Campaign Finance Fund," to: New York City Campaign Finance Board, 100 Church Street, 12th Floor, New York, NY 10007.

If the CFB is not in receipt of the full amount owed by **October 31, 2016**, the Candidate's name and the amount owed will be posted on the CFB's website. The CFB may also initiate a civil action to compel payment. In addition, the Candidate will not be eligible to receive public funds

for any future election until the full amount is paid. Further information regarding liability for this debt can be found in the attached Final Board Determination.

The Campaign may challenge a public funds determination in a petition for Board reconsideration within thirty days of the date of the Final Audit Report as set forth in Board Rule 5-02(a). However, the Board will not consider the petition unless the Campaign submits new information and/or documentation and shows good cause for its previous failure to provide this information or documentation. To submit a petition, please call the Legal Unit at 212-409-1800.

The January 15, 2014 disclosure statement (#16) was the last disclosure statement the Campaign was required to file with the CFB for the 2013 elections. The Campaign is required to maintain its records for six years after the election, and the CFB may require the Campaign to demonstrate ongoing compliance. *See* Rules 3-02(b)(3), 4-01(a), and 4-03. In addition, please contact the New York State Board of Elections for information concerning its filing requirements.

The CFB appreciates the Campaign's cooperation during the 2013 election cycle. Please contact the Audit Unit at 212-409-1800 or <u>AuditMail@nyccfb.info</u> with any questions about the enclosed report.



c:	Humberto Soto

Attachments

EC2013 Final Audit Report

Humberto Soto for New York City Council 2013

September 2016

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RESULTS IN BRIEF

The results of the New York City Campaign Finance Board's ("CFB" or "Board") review of the reporting and documentation of the 2013 campaign of Humberto Soto (the "Campaign") indicate findings of non-compliance with the Campaign Finance Act (the "Act") and Board Rules (the "Rules") as detailed below:

Disclosure Findings

Accurate public disclosure is an important part of the CFB's mission. Findings in this section relate to the Campaign's failure to completely and timely disclose the Campaign's financial activity.

• The Campaign did not report or inaccurately reported financial transactions to the Board (see Finding #1).

Expenditure Findings

Campaigns participating in the Campaign Finance Program are required to comply with the spending limit. All campaigns are required to properly disclose and document expenditures and disburse funds in accordance with the Act and Rules. Findings in this section relate to the Campaign's failure to comply with the Act and Rules related to its spending.

- The Campaign made expenditures that were not in furtherance of the Campaign, some of which were converted to a personal use (see Finding #2).
- The Campaign made post-election expenditures that are not permissible (see Finding #3).

Public Matching Funds Findings

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The CFB matches contributions from individual New York City residents at a \$6-to-\$1 rate, up to \$1,050 per contributor. The CFB performs reviews to ensure that the correct amount of public funds was received by the Campaign and that public funds were spent in accordance with the Act and Rules. Findings in this section relate to whether any additional public funds are due, or any return of public funds by the Campaign is necessary.

- The Campaign did not document qualified expenditures equal to the amount of public funds it received (see Finding #4).
- The Campaign received an overpayment of public funds (see Finding #5).

BACKGROUND

The Campaign Finance Act of 1988, which changed the way election campaigns are financed in New York City, created the voluntary Campaign Finance Program. The Program increases the information available to the public about elections and candidates' campaign finances, and reduces the potential for actual or perceived corruption by matching up to \$175 of contributions from individual New York City residents. In exchange, candidates agree to strict spending limits. Those who receive funds are required to spend the money for purposes that advance their campaign.

The CFB is the nonpartisan, independent city agency that administers the Campaign Finance Program for elections to the five offices covered by the Act: Mayor, Public Advocate, Comptroller, Borough President, and City Council member. All candidates are required to disclose all campaign activity to the CFB. This information is made available via the CFB's online searchable database, increasing the information available to the public about candidates for office and their campaign finances.

All candidates must adhere to strict contribution limits and are banned from accepting contributions from corporations, partnerships, and limited liability companies. Additionally, participating candidates are prohibited from accepting contributions from unregistered political committees. Campaigns must register with the CFB, and must file periodic disclosure statements reporting all financial activity. The CFB reviews these statements after they are filed and provides feedback to the campaigns.

The table below provides detailed information about the Campaign:

Name: Humberto Soto ID: 1700	Contribution Limit: \$2,750
Office Sought: City Council District: 34	Expenditure Limit:
	2010–2012: N/A
Committee Name: Humberto Soto for New York City Council 2013	2013 Primary: \$168,000
Classification: Participant	2013 General: N/A
Certification Date: May 17, 2013	
	Public Funds:
Ballot Status: Primary	Received: \$38,070.00
Primary Election Date: September 10, 2013	Returned: \$35.85
Party: Democratic	Campaign Finance Summary:
	http://bit.ly/1rkQyVR

SCOPE AND METHODOLOGY

Pursuant to Admin. Code § 3-710(1), the CFB conducted this audit to determine whether the Campaign complied with the Act and Rules. Specifically, we evaluated whether the Campaign:

- 1. Accurately reported financial transactions and maintained adequate books and records.
- 2. Adhered to contribution limits and prohibitions.
- 3. Disbursed funds in accordance with the Act and Rules.
- 4. Complied with expenditure limits.
- 5. Received the correct amount of public funds, or whether additional funds are due to the Campaign or must be returned.

Prior to the election, we performed preliminary reviews of the Campaign's compliance with the Act and Rules. We evaluated the eligibility of each contribution for which the Campaign claimed matching funds, based on the Campaign's reporting and supporting documentation. We also determined the Candidate's eligibility for public funds by ensuring the Candidate was on the ballot for an election, was opposed by another candidate on the ballot, and met the two-part threshold for receiving public funds. Based on various criteria, we also selected the Campaign for an onsite review, and visited the Campaign's location to observe its activity and review its recordkeeping. After the election, we performed an audit of all financial disclosure statements submitted for the election (see summary of activity reported in these statements at Appendix #1).

To verify that the Campaign accurately reported and documented all financial transactions, we requested all of the Campaign's bank statements and reconciled the financial activity on the bank statements to the financial activity reported on the Campaign's disclosure statements. We identified unreported, misreported, and duplicate disbursements, as well as reported disbursements that did not appear on the Campaign's bank statements. We also calculated debit and credit variances by comparing the total reported debits and credits to the total debits and credits amounts appearing on the bank statements. Because the Campaign reported that more than 10% of the dollar amount of its total contributions were in the form of cash contributions, we compared the total cash contributions reported to the total of cash deposits on itemized deposit slips.

As part of our reconciliation of reported activity to the bank statements the Campaign provided, we determined whether the Campaign properly disclosed all bank accounts. We also determined if the Campaign filed disclosure statements timely and reported required activity daily during the two weeks before the election. Finally, we reviewed the Campaign's reporting to ensure it disclosed required information related to contribution and expenditure transactions, such as intermediaries and subcontractors.

To determine if the Campaign adhered to contribution limits and prohibitions, we conducted a comprehensive review of the financial transactions reported in the Campaign's disclosure statements. Based on the Campaign's reported contributions, we assessed the total amount contributed by any one source and determined if it exceeded the applicable limit. We also determined if any of the contribution sources were prohibited. We reviewed literature and other documentation to determine if the Campaign accounted for joint activity with other campaigns.

To ensure that the Campaign disbursed funds in accordance with the Act and Rules, we reviewed the Campaign's reported expenditures and obtained documentation to assess whether funds were spent in furtherance of the Candidate's nomination or election. We also reviewed information from the New York State Board of Elections and the Federal Election Commission to determine if the Candidate had other political committees active during the 2013 election cycle. We determined if the Campaign properly disclosed these committees, and considered all relevant expenditures made by such committees in the assessment of the Campaign's total expenditures.

We requested records necessary to verify that the Campaign's disbursement of public funds was in accordance with the Act and Rules. Our review ensured that the Campaign maintained and submitted sufficiently detailed records for expenditures made in the election year that furthered the Candidate's nomination and election, or "qualified expenditures" for which public funds may be used. We specifically omitted expenditures made by the Campaign that are not qualified as defined by the Campaign Finance Act § 3-704.

We also reviewed the Campaign's activity to ensure that it complied with the applicable expenditure limits. We reviewed reporting and documentation to ensure that all expenditures including those not reported, or misreported—were attributed to the period in which the good or service was received, used, or rendered. We also reviewed expenditures made after the election to determine if they were for routine activities involving nominal costs associated with winding up a campaign and responding to the post-election audit.

To ensure that the Campaign received the correct amount of public funds, and to determine if the Campaign must return public funds or was due additional public funds, we reviewed the Campaign's eligibility for public matching funds, and ensured that all contributions claimed for match by the Campaign were in compliance with the Act and Rules. We determined if the Campaign's activity subsequent to the pre-election reviews affected its eligibility for payment. We also compared the amount of valid matching claims to the amount of public funds paid pre-election and determined if the Campaign was overpaid, or if it had sufficient matching claims, qualified expenditures, and outstanding liabilities to receive a post-election payment. As part of this review, we identified any deductions from public funds required under Rule 5-01(n).

We determined if the Campaign met its mandatory training requirement based on records of training attendance kept throughout the 2013 election cycle. Finally, we determined if the Campaign submitted timely responses to post-election audit requests sent by the CFB.

Following an election, campaigns may only make limited winding up expenditures and are not going concerns. Because the activity occurring after the post-election audit is extremely limited,

the audit focused on substantive testing of the entire universe of past transactions. The results of the substantive testing served to establish the existence and efficacy of internal controls. The CFB also publishes and provides to all campaigns guidance regarding best practices for internal controls.

To determine if contributors were prohibited sources, we compared them to entities listed in the New York State Department of State's Corporation/Business Entity Database. Because this was the only source of such information, because it was neither practical nor cost effective to test the completeness of the information, and because candidates could provide information to dispute the Department of State data, we did not perform data reliability testing. To determine if reported addresses were residential or commercially zoned within New York City, we compared them to a database of addresses maintained by the New York City Department of Finance. Because this was the only source of such data available, because it was not cost effective to test the completeness of the information, and because campaigns had the opportunity to dispute residential/commercial designations by providing documentation, we did not perform data reliability testing.

In the course of our reviews, we determined that during the 2013 election cycle a programming error affected C-SMART, the application created and maintained by the CFB for campaigns to disclose their activity. Although the error was subsequently fixed, we determined that certain specific data had been inadvertently deleted when campaigns amended their disclosure statements and was not subsequently restored after the error was corrected. We were able to identify these instances and did not cite exceptions that were the result of the missing data or recommend violations to the Board. The possibility exists, however, that we were unable to identify all data deleted as a result of this error.

The CFB's Special Compliance Unit investigated any complaints filed against the Campaign that alleged a specific violation of the Act or Rules. The Campaign was sent a copy of all formal complaints made against it, as well as relevant informal complaints, and was given an opportunity to submit a response.

The Campaign was provided with a preliminary draft of this audit report and was asked to provide a response to the findings. The Campaign responded, and the CFB evaluated any additional documentation provided and/or amendments to reporting made by the Campaign in response. The Campaign was subsequently informed of its alleged violations and obligation to repay public funds, and was asked to respond. The Campaign responded and the CFB evaluated any additional information provided by the Campaign. CFB staff recommended that the Board find that the Campaign must repay public funds and committed violations subject to penalty. The Campaign chose to contest the CFB staff recommendations. The Board's actions are summarized as a part of each Finding in the Audit Results section. The finding numbers and exhibit numbers, as well as the number of transactions included in the findings, may have changed from the Draft Audit Report.

AUDIT RESULTS

Disclosure Findings

1. Financial Disclosure Reporting - Discrepancies

Campaigns are required to report every disbursement made, and every contribution, loan, and other receipt received. *See* Admin. Code § 3-703(6); Rule 3-03. In addition, campaigns are required to deposit all receipts into an account listed on the candidate's Certification. Code § 3-703(10); Rule 2-06(a). Campaigns are also required to provide the CFB with bank records, including periodic bank statements and deposit slips. *See* Admin. Code §§ 3-703(1)(d), (g); Rules 4-01(a), (b)(1), (f).

The Campaign provided the following bank statements:

Bank	ACCOUNT #	ACCOUNT TYPE	STATEMENT PERIOD
Popular Community Bank	XXXXX2479	Checking	Feb 2013 – Jan 2014

Below are the discrepancies and the additional records needed, as identified by a comparison of the records provided and the activity reported by the Campaign on its disclosure statements.

a) The Campaign did not report the transactions listed on Exhibit I that appear on its bank statements.

b) The Campaign reported the transactions listed on Exhibit II that do not appear on its bank statements.

c) The Campaign provided deposit slips that were not itemized. The Campaign must provide copies of the itemized deposit slips for the deposit listed below:

DATE OF DEPOSIT	DOLLAR AMOUNT
10/11/13	\$850.00

d) A review of the Campaign's deposit slips revealed the following discrepancy:1

TOTAL REPORTED	TOTAL CASH PER	DOLLAR	PERCENT
CASH RECEIPTS	DEPOSIT SLIPS	VARIANCE	VARIANCE
\$3,020.00	\$3,440.00	\$420.00	(13.91%)

¹ The percentage variance is determined by subtracting the Total Cash Per Deposit Slips from the Total Reported Cash Receipts, and then dividing by the Total Reported Cash Receipts. A positive variance

Previously Provided Recommendation

a) The Campaign must amend its disclosure statements to report these transactions. The Campaign must also provide documentation for each transaction. Because bank statements provide limited information about a transaction, the Campaign should review invoices or other records to obtain all of the information necessary to properly report the transaction.

b) For each transaction reported in the Campaign's disclosure statement(s) that does not appear on the Campaign's bank statements, the Campaign must provide evidence to show that the transaction cleared the bank (i.e., a copy of the front and back of the check, and the bank statement showing the payment). Alternatively, the Campaign may provide evidence that the transaction was reported in error, or amend the Campaign's disclosure statement to void the check. For each voided check, the Campaign must either issue a replacement check or forgive the expenditure payment. Any forgiven liabilities will be considered in-kind contributions, which could result in contribution limit violations, or be considered contributions from a prohibited source. The Campaign may need to contact the payee to determine why the transaction did not clear.

c) The Campaign must provide copies of the requested itemized deposit slip.

d) To resolve the listed discrepancies, the Campaign must compare the cash receipts reported in its financial disclosure statements to supporting documentation, including deposit slips, bank statements, and any documentation not previously submitted. The Campaign should also review documentation to ensure that it correctly characterized the instrument type (i.e., Cash, Credit Card, Check, etc.) of each receipt it reported. The Campaign may need to amend its disclosure statements as a result.

Please note that any newly entered transactions that occurred during the election cycle (01/12/10—01/11/14) will appear as new transactions in an amendment to Disclosure Statement 16, even if the transaction dates are from earlier periods. Any transactions dated after the election cycle will appear in disclosure statements filed with the New York State Board of Elections. Also note that the Campaign must file an amendment for each disclosure statement in which transactions are being modified. Once all data entry is completed, the Campaign should run the Modified Statements Report in C-SMART to identify the statements for which the Campaign must submit amendments. The C-SMART draft and final submission screens also display the statement numbers for which the Campaign should file amendments. If the Campaign added any new transactions, it must submit an amendment to Disclosure Statement 16.²

Campaign's Response

a) In response to the Draft Audit Report, the Campaign provided additional bank statements that revealed new unreported transactions.

indicates that the Total Reported Cash Receipts exceeds the Total Cash Per Deposit Slips. A negative variance indicates that the Total Reported Cash Receipts is less than the Total Cash Per Deposit Slips. ² If the Campaign amends its reporting with the CFB, it must also submit amendments to the New York State Board of Elections.

b - c) The Campaign did not respond to this finding. in its response to the Draft Audit Report.

d) In response to the Draft Audit Report, the Campaign did not address this finding nor did it resolve the discrepancy. In response to the Notice of Alleged Violations and Recommended Penalties, the Campaign indicated that it would not contest this finding.

Board Action

a - c) The Board has taken no further action on this matter other than to make this a part of the Candidate's record with the Board.

d) The Board found the Campaign in violation and assessed \$105 in penalties.

Expenditure Findings

2. Expenditures – Not In Furtherance of the Campaign

Campaigns may only spend campaign funds for items that further the candidate's election. Campaigns must keep detailed records to demonstrate that campaign funds were used only for those purposes. *See* Admin. Code §§ 3-703(1)(d), (g); Rule 4-01. The law gives examples of the types of expenditures that are presumed to be campaign-related, although in certain circumstances expenditures of the types listed as appropriate may be questioned. Among the relevant factors are: the quality of the documentation submitted; the timing and necessity of the expenditure; the amount of the expenditure and/or all expenditures of a specific type in relation to the Campaign's total expenditures; and whether the expenditure is duplicative of other spending. The law also prohibits the conversion of campaign funds to personal use which is unrelated to a political campaign, and provides examples of expenditures that are not in furtherance of a campaign. *See* New York State Election Law §14-130; Admin. Code §§ 3-702(21), 3-703, and 3-710(2)(c); Rules 1-03(a), and 5-03(e), and Advisory Opinion No. 2007-3 (March 7, 2007). Expenditures not demonstrated to be in furtherance of the candidate's election are considered "non-campaign related."

The Campaign's reporting and documentation include the expenditures listed on Exhibit III which—based on the reporting and/or documentation—are non-campaign related.

Previously Provided Recommendation

The Campaign must amend its disclosure statement to report the unreported transaction. The Campaign must also explain how each expenditure listed is in furtherance of the Campaign, and provide supporting documentation. The explanation and documentation may include details of how, when, where, and by whom a good was used. For services, the documentation and explanation may include work product and/or additional details regarding how, when, where, and by whom the service was provided; and how the service was necessary in light of other

transactions reported by the Campaign. The Campaign must review the questioned transactions. Expenditures that are not in furtherance of the Campaign may increase the amount of public funds that must be repaid.

Campaign's Response

The Campaign did not address this finding, in its response to the Draft Audit Report. However, amended disclosure statements filed by the Campaign with its response revealed additional non-campaign related expenditures.

In response to the Notice of Alleged Violations and Recommended Penalties, the Campaign indicated that it would not contest this finding.

Board Action

The Board found the Campaign in violation and assessed \$797 in penalties.

3. Expenditures – Improper Post-Election

After the election, campaigns may only make disbursements for the preceding election, or for limited, routine activities of nominal cost associated with winding up a campaign and responding to the post-election audit. Campaigns have the burden of demonstrating that post-election expenditures were for the preceding election or the limited and routine activities described in the law. *See* Admin. Code § 3-710(2)(c); Rule 5-03(e)(2).

Each expenditure listed on Exhibit IV is an improper post-election expenditure due to the timing, amount and/or purpose reported by the Campaign or identified from a review of Campaign bank statements and/or documentation.

Previously Provided Recommendation

The Campaign must explain how each expenditure was for the preceding election, or was a routine and nominal expenditure associated with winding up the Campaign, and must provide supporting documentation. Expenditures that are not proper post-election expenditures may increase the amount of public funds that must be repaid.

Campaign's Response

The Campaign did not address this finding with its response to the Draft Audit Report.

In response to the Notice of Alleged Violations and Recommended Penalties, the Campaign indicated that it would not contest this finding.

Board Action

The Board found the Campaign in violation and assessed \$178 in penalties.

Public Matching Funds Findings

4. Qualified Expenditure Documentation

Public funds may only be used for "qualified" expenditures by a candidate's principal committee to further the candidate's nomination or election during the calendar year in which the election is held. Expenditures that are not considered qualified include, but are not limited to, undocumented or unreported expenditures, payments to the candidate or the candidate's relatives, payments in cash, contributions to other candidates, gifts, expenditures for petition defense or litigation, and advances except individual purchases of more than \$250. *See* Admin. Code § 3-704; Rule 1-08(g). Participants must return public funds, or may be limited in the amount of public funds they are eligible to receive post-election if they have not documented sufficient qualified expenditures. *See* Admin. Code § 3-710(2)(b); Rule 5-03(d).

Campaigns are required to obtain and maintain contemporaneous records that enable the CFB to verify that expenditures were qualified. *See* Admin. Code § 3-703(1)(d), (g); Rule 4-01. These records may include cancelled checks (front and back) and bills for goods or services. Bills must include the date the vendor was hired or the date the goods or services were received, the vendor's name and address, a detailed description of the goods or services, and the amount.

The Rules provide guidance for situations where contemporaneous records are either missing or incomplete. *See* Rule 4-01(a). First, a campaign must attempt to obtain a duplicate or more complete record from the vendor. If that is not possible, a campaign may modify an existing record or create a new record which must clearly identify the record as modified or recreated. In addition, any modified or recreated record must be accompanied by a notarized statement explaining the reason for and circumstances surrounding the record. The statement must be from a campaign representative who has firsthand knowledge of the recreated document and must explain why the original document is not available or insufficient. Upon review of the non-contemporaneous record and statement, the CFB may still find the records are not sufficient to adequately document the transaction.

The Campaign received \$38,035 in public funds for the 2013 elections. Previously, CFB staff requested documentation to demonstrate that public funds were used for qualified expenditures. Based on all the records submitted, the Campaign has provided sufficient documentation for \$37,610³ in qualified expenditures. Qualified expenditures are marked with a "Q". For all other listed expenditures, the Campaign either:

• did not provide all of the necessary documentation to show the expenditure is qualified,

³ This amount excludes cents. The Board collects public funds repayments in whole dollar amounts.

- provided documentation that requires further clarification, or
- provided documentation that shows the expenditure is not qualified.

If the Campaign does not document an additional \$424.65 as qualified, the Campaign must repay this amount to the Public Fund. However, based on other reviews, the Campaign has a larger repayment obligation (see Finding #5).

Previously Provided Recommendation

Any transaction marked with a "Q" is considered a qualified expenditure and no additional documentation or information is required. Transactions marked "NQ" cannot be qualified, for reasons such as a payment to a family member or a payment made in cash, and additional documentation will not make them qualified. If the Campaign disagrees, it must provide an explanation and documentation. All other transactions are marked with a code that explains what is missing or inadequate. The Code Key is located at the end of the list.

The list of transactions is sorted by amount, starting with the largest expenditures (disbursements followed by outstanding liabilities and advances greater than \$250, if applicable). If a transaction has more than one code, the Campaign must address all codes before that expenditure may be considered qualified. The Campaign must provide explanations and/or documentation where requested (copies of bills, detailed invoices, consulting agreements, work contracts, credit card statements, cancelled checks, etc., or recreated/modified records along with the required statements, as instructed above). In some cases, the Campaign may find it useful to supplement an invoice or other documentation already provided with evidence of work performed and/or a more detailed description of tasks performed or products received. In addition, the Campaign may need to submit amended disclosure statements to correct errors in its reporting of expenditures.

All documents submitted to the CFB must be labeled with the corresponding Transaction IDs.

Campaign's Response

In response to the Draft Audit Report and Notice of Alleged Violations and Recommended Penalties, the Campaign provided additional explanation and documentation that reduced the amount the Campaign must return to the Fund to \$424.65.

Board Action

The Board determined that the Campaign must repay at least \$424 to the Public Fund (\$38,035 in public funds received less \$37,010.35 in documented qualified expenditures.). The Committee is responsible for repaying \$424 in public funds. However, based on other reviews, the Campaign has an additional repayment obligation (see Finding #5).

5. Overpayment of Public Funds

Public matching funds are paid to campaigns at a \$6-to-\$1 rate. The amount of each payment is based on preliminary review by CFB staff of the matching claims reported in the campaign's disclosure statements. The amount of public funds a campaign is ultimately eligible to receive is determined by the Board at the conclusion of the post-election audit, and this amount may be more or less than the campaign received during the election. See Admin. Code § 3-710(2)(a); Rules 5-01(g),(k) and 5-03.

An overpayment of public funds may occur if matching claims originally considered to be valid during the election are withdrawn, or are determined to be invalid upon a review of new information or a more detailed post-election review.

The Campaign has \$6,255.00 in valid matching claims. Therefore, the Campaign is entitled to \$37,530.00 in public matching funds. The Campaign received \$38,070.00 in public funds during the election. Therefore, the Campaign was overpaid by \$540.00. The Campaign previously returned \$35.85, which reduces the overpayment to \$505.00 (see Exhibit V).⁴

If the Campaign does not validate additional matching claims, the Campaign must repay the amount of the overpayment to the Public Fund.

Previously Provided Recommendation

The Campaign must repay \$505.00⁵ to the Public Fund.

The Campaign may provide documentation, an explanation, and/or amended reporting to validate matching claims currently considered invalid. The Invalid Matching Claims Report presents the details of each contribution considered invalid. The left side of the report shows the data reported by the Campaign for each matching claim and the codes that describe why the claim is invalid. The right side provides space for the Campaign to provide a written response and a check box that describes the action the Campaign is taking to address the invalid claim. Return this report with the response to this Draft Audit Report. To supply additional or modified data, correct the appropriate transaction(s) in C-SMART and amend the appropriate disclosure statements. For transactions with more than one invalid code, the Campaign must address all the codes before the claims can be validated. No public funds will be disbursed on invalid claims.

Campaign's Response

In its response to both the Draft Audit Report, and the Post-Election Repayment Notice, the Campaign did not address this finding.

Board Action

The Board determined that the Campaign must repay \$505.00 to the Public Fund.

⁴ The Board collects public funds repayments in whole dollar amounts.

⁵ The Board collects public funds repayments in whole dollar amounts.

We performed this audit in accordance with the audit responsibilities of the CFB as set forth in Admin. Code § 3-710. We limited our review to the areas specified in this report's audit scope.

Respectfully submitted,



Signature on Original

Sauda S. Chapman

Director of Auditing and Accounting

Date: September 30, 2016

Staff: Melody Lee

New York City Campaign Finance Board Campaign Finance Information System Transaction Summary Report Appendix 1

Candidate:Soto, Humberto (ID:1700-P)Office:5 (City Council)Election:2013

1. Opening cash balance (All committees)		\$0.00	
2. Total itemized monetary contributions (Sch ABC)		\$12,975.00	
3. Total unitemized monetary contributions		\$0.00	
4. Total in-kind contributions (Sch D)		\$0.00	
5. Total unitemized in-kind contributions		\$0.00	
6. Total other receipts (Sch E - excluding CFB payments)		\$0.00	
7. Total unitemized other receipts		\$0.00	
8. Total itemized expenditures (Sch F)		\$52,317.15	
Expenditure payments	\$52,317.15		
Advance repayments	\$0.00		
9. Total unitemized expenditures		\$0.00	
10. Total transfers-In (Sch G)		\$0.00	
Туре 1	\$0.00		
Type 2a	\$0.00		
Type 2b	\$0.00		
11. Total transfers-out (Sch H)		\$0.00	
Туре 1	\$0.00		
Type 2a	\$0.00		
Type 2b	\$0.00		
12. Total loans received (Sch I)		\$0.00	
13. Total loan repayments (Sch J)		\$0.00	
14. Total loans forgiven (Sch K)		\$0.00	
15. Total liabilities forgiven (Sch K)		\$0.00	
16. Total expenditures refunded (Sch L)		\$0.00	
17. Total receipts adjustment (Sch M - excluding CFB repayments)		\$0.00	
18. Total outstanding liabilities (Sch N - last statement submitted)		\$0.00	
Outstanding Bills	\$0.00		
Outstanding Advances	\$0.00		
19. Total advanced amount (Sch X)		\$0.00	
20. Net public fund payments from CFB		\$38,035.00	
Total public funds payment	\$38,070.00		
Total public funds returned	(\$35.00)		
21. Total Valid Matchable Claims		\$6,255.00	
22. Total Invalid Matchable Claims		\$290.00	
23. Total Amount of Penalties Assessed		\$1,080.00	
24. Total Amount of Penalty Payments		\$0.00	
25. Total Amount of Penalties Withheld		\$0.00	

Exhibit I Humberto Soto for New York City Council 2013 Unreported Transactions (see Finding #1b)

	Check No./			
Payee	Transaction	Date	Amount	Note
unknown 1	1008	09/04/13	\$108.78	(1)
unknown 2	1013	09/04/13	\$480.00	(1)
unknown 3	1009	09/05/13	\$900.00	(1)
unknown 4	3825	09/09/13	\$800.00	(1)
unknown 5	3827	09/09/13	\$60.00	(1)
unknown 6	Debit	09/13/13	\$50.00	(1)
unknown 7	1023	09/16/13	\$293.00	(1)
unknown 8	Debit	09/16/13	\$140.00	(1)
unknown 9	Debit	09/19/13	\$50.00	(1)
unknown 10	Debit	09/26/13	\$50.00	(1)
Unknown	1058	10/18/13	\$140.00	(2)
unknown 11	1057	11/04/13	\$50.00	(1)(2)
Popular Community Bank	Debit	12/31/13	\$2.00	
Total			<u>\$3,123.78</u>	

Notes:

(1) In response to the Draft Audit Report, the Campaign reported this transaction, but failed to report the identity of the payee.

(2) See also Finding #3.

Exhibit II Humberto Soto for New York City Council 2013 Uncleared Transactions (see Finding #1b)

			Check No./		
Transaction ID	Payee	Account	Transaction	Date	Amount
R0000460	Soto, Ivan	2479	1014	08/31/13	\$420.00
R0000522	Jones, Ashley	2479	3861	09/10/13	\$140.00
R0000615	Arroyo, Jose G	2479	3870	09/10/13	\$140.00
R0000494	Vasquez, Stephanie	2479	3879	09/04/13	\$50.00
R0000488	Martinez, Yesika B	2479	3880	09/07/13	\$50.00
R0000524	Sosa, Rubi A	2479	3882	09/07/13	\$50.00
R0000485	Rodriguez, Blanca	2479	3884	09/07/13	\$50.00
R0000640	Rodriguez, Blanca	2479	3891	09/10/13	\$140.00
Total					<u>\$1,040.00</u>

Exhibit III Humberto Soto for New York City Council 2013 Non-Campaign Related Expenditures (see Finding #2)

	Statement/ Schedule/	Purpose			
Name	Transaction ID	Code	Invoice Date	Paid Date	Amount
unknown 1	16/F/R0000760	OTHER	09/04/13	09/04/13	\$108.78
unknown 2	16/F/R0000763	OTHER	09/04/13	09/04/13	\$480.00
unknown 3	16/F/R0000766	OTHER	09/05/13	09/05/13	\$900.00
unknown 4	16/F/R0000772	OTHER	09/09/13	09/09/13	\$800.00
unknown 5	16/F/R0000775	OTHER	09/09/13	09/09/13	\$60.00
Cabanes, Roxana	12/F/R0000571	WAGES	09/10/13	09/10/13	\$140.00
Lindsay, Anthony	12/F/R0000597	WAGES	09/10/13	09/10/13	\$140.00
G&E auto repair	16/F/R0000778	OTHER	09/10/13	09/10/13	\$562.72
Total					<u>\$3,191.50</u>

Exhibit IV Humberto Soto for New York City Council 2013 Improper Post-Election Expenditures (see Finding #3)

	Statement/ Schedule/				
Name	Transaction ID	Purpose Code	Invoice Date	Paid Date	Amount
Harland Check Order	16/F/R0000786	OTHER	09/11/13	09/11/13	\$79.12
unknown 6	16/F/R0000797	OTHER	09/13/13	09/13/13	\$50.00
unknown 7	16/F/R0000799	OTHER	09/16/13	09/16/13	\$293.00
unknown 8	16/F/R0000801	OTHER	09/16/13	09/16/13	\$140.00
unknown 9	16/F/R0000803	OTHER	09/19/13	09/19/13	\$50.00
unknown 10	16/F/R0000805	OTHER	09/26/13	09/26/13	\$50.00
unknown 11	16/F/R0000807	OTHER	11/04/13	11/04/13	\$50.00
Total					<u>\$712.12</u>

Exhibit V Humberto Soto for New York City Council 2013 Detail Payment Report (see Finding #5)

New York City Campaign Finance Board Campaign Finance Information System Detail Payment Report for 2013 Primary Election

Candidate: Soto, Humberto (ID: 1700) Office: City Council District: 34

	Statement Date	Claimed Matchable	Invalid Claims	Gross Matchable	, I	Payment
Detail						
	7 (03/15/2013)	945	0	945		
	8 (05/15/2013)	3,285	90	3,195		
	9 (07/15/2013)	745	200	545		
	10 (08/09/2013)	555	0	555		
	11 (08/30/2013)	1,015	0	1,015		
	12 (09/20/2013)	0	0	C		
	16 (01/15/2014)	0	0	C		
	Total:	6,545	290	6,255	-	
		6,545	290	6,255	=	
Matchable Adjustment:				- 0		
Adjusted Gross Matchable:				6,255		
Regular Payment Calculation						
Adjusted Gross Matchable:				6,255		
General Regular Matchable:				- 0		
Net Matchable: (Threshold Met)				6,255		
Matching Factor:				<mark>x</mark> 6.0		
EXTENDED NET REGULAR PAYABL	E: (Limit: 92,400)			37,530)	37,530
Total Previous Regular Payable:						38,070
REGULAR PAYABLE:						(540
MAX PAYABLE:						(540)
Net Withholding: (See Notes Below)					-	C
Reserve Amount: (.00 %)					-	C
Reserve Applied:					+	C
ADJUSTED AMOUNT ELIGIBLE:						(540)
Amount Payable:						C
Penalty Deduction:						0
PAYMENT DUE:						C

New York City Campaign Finance Board Campaign Finance Information System Detail Payment Report for 2013 Primary Election

Candidate: Soto, Humberto (ID: 1700) Office: City Council District: 34

Payment and Adjustment	History for This	Election					
Туре 1	ransaction Date	Check No	Amount	Reserve Am	ount		
Previous Payment	08/15/2013		29,383	1	,547		
Previous Payment	08/28/2013		1,567		83		
Previous Payment	09/06/2013		7,120	- 1	,630		
		Total:	38,070		0		
Net Withholding			Over Paym	ent Calculatio	on		
Total Withholding:		0	Adjusted Amount Eligible: Returned Funds:				(540)
Previous Withholding: Previous Unapplied Withholdin	a: +	0				+	35
Net Withholding:	y. +	0	Outstanding	g Reserve:		+	0
tet manoang.		Ŭ	Amount Ov	/erpaid:			(505)